EXHIBIT B

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT

TYPE OF CONTRACT: Actual Cost Reimbursement

- 1. Contractor will be paid on a monthly basis, following the submission of an invoice (submitted through Marin's Electronic Health Record, as applicable, or through a template provided and/or agreed to by the County) to the Marin County Division of Behavioral Health and Recovery Services for negotiated actual costs for services performed to the County's satisfaction. Data for SABG Primary Prevention Contractors are due by the 5th of the month for the services delivered the preceding month. Invoices are due by the 10th of the month for services delivered the preceding month.
- 2. Contractor will be reimbursed on a Net 30 basis, meaning generally, payments will be processed within 30 days from the invoice date.

Additional Financial Requirements

- 1. Contractor is subject to annual fiscal monitoring by the County or County's qualified designee.
- 2. At mid-year, or as requested by the County, Contractor shall submit supporting documentation (e.g. copy of General Ledger, report of expenses from financial system) for actual costs, as applicable, to the Marin County Division of Behavioral Health and Recovery Services for management information and planning purposes.
- 3. Annual Cost Reports, as applicable, and all supporting documentation must be submitted within sixty (60) days of the expiration date of this Agreement. The Cost Report shall be based on actual costs.
- 4. County has the right to monitor the performance of this Agreement to ensure the accuracy of claims for reimbursement and compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Additional Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG) Funding Requirements

- 1. Prior to expending SABG Block Grant funding, every reasonable effort should be made to, including the establishment of systems for eligibility determination, billing, and collection: (1) Collect reimbursement of the costs of providing such services to persons who are entitled to insurance benefits under the Social Security Act, including programs under Title XVIII and Title XIX, any State compensation program, any other public assistance program for medical expenses, any grant program, any private health insurance, or any other benefit program; and (2) Secure from patient or clients payments for services in accordance with their ability to pay.
- 2. In accordance with Title 45 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 96, Section 96.137, SAPT Block Grant funding is the "payment of last resort" for services for Pregnant and Parenting Women, Tuberculosis, and HIV.
- 3. SABG may not be used to pay for a service that is reimbursable by Medi-Cal.
- 4. SABG may not be used on the following activities:

- a. Provide inpatient services.
- b. Make cash payments to intended recipients of health services.
- c. Purchase or improve land, purchase, construct, or permanently improve (other than minor remodeling) any building or other facility, or purchase major medical equipment
- d. Satisfy any requirement for the expenditure of SABG funds as a condition for the
- e. receipt of federal funds.
- f. Provide financial assistance to any entity other than a public or nonprofit private entity.
- g. Pay the salary of an individual through a grant or other extramural mechanism at a rate in excess of level II of the Executive Salary Schedule for the award year: see http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/salcap summary.htm.
- h. Purchase treatment services in penal or correctional institutions of the State of California.
- Supplant state funding of programs to prevent and treat substance abuse and related activities.
- j. Carry out any program prohibited by 42 USC 300x–21 and 42 USC 300ee–5 such that none of the funds provided under this Act or an amendment made by this Act shall be used to provide individuals with hypodermic needles or syringes so that such individuals may use illegal drugs, unless the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service determines that a demonstration needle exchange program would be effective in reducing drug abuse and the risk that the public will become infected with the etiologic agent for acquired immune deficiency syndrome.